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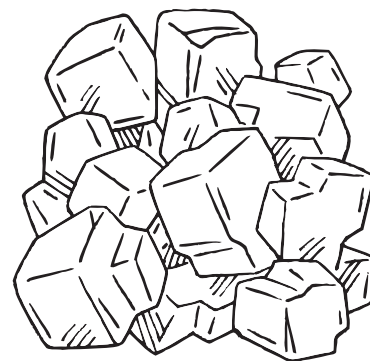
Warm-Up

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Name \_\_\_\_\_

## A Salt Mine

A very old mine is in Poland. What is **mined**? What is taken out of the ground? Salt is mined. Salt has been taken out of the ground for hundreds of years.



The mine is very big. It has several levels. Inside, miners have carved out big rooms. They have carved out statues. They have carved out benches. They have carved out a church. They have carved out all these things from salt.

If you want, you can rent a room in the mine. You can have a big party under the ground in a room carved out of salt!

## Find the Answers

1. When something is **mined**, it is
  - a. washed off hands.
  - b. read from books.
  - c. carved out of salt.
  - d. taken out of the ground.
  
2. The story does *not* tell you
  - a. what the statues look like.
  - b. who carved out the statues.
  - c. what the statues are made of.
  - d. what country the statues are in.
  
3. Salt has been mined from the mine for
  - a. hundreds of days.
  - b. hundreds of years.
  - c. hundreds of hours.
  - d. hundreds of weeks.

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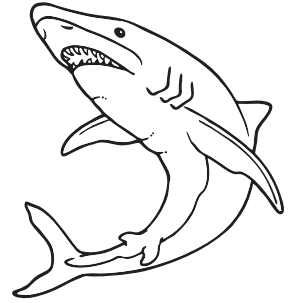
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Name \_\_\_\_\_

## The Hungry Shark

A shark is hungry. The hungry shark sees a big fish. The shark is fast. The shark grabs the big fish and eats it. The hungry shark sees a bigger fish. The shark is fast. It eats the bigger fish. The hungry shark sees an even bigger fish. The shark is fast. It eats the even bigger fish. The shark eats every fish that it sees. Not one fish can get away.



Then the shark sees a little fish. The little fish is called a Moses sole. The shark bites down. What happens? The little fish lets out a milky poison. The milky poison hurts the shark. The shark opens its mouth. It lets the little fish go!

### Find the Answers

1. Why doesn't the shark eat the little fish?
  - a. The little fish is fast.
  - b. The shark is not hungry.
  - c. The shark sees a bigger fish.
  - d. The little fish lets out a poison.
  
2. What is the name of the little fish?
  - a. Moses seed
  - b. Moses sole
  - c. Roses seed
  - d. Roses sole
  
3. Most likely, the poison is what color?
  - a. blue
  - b. green
  - c. white
  - d. yellow



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**How to Be Polite in a Tepee**

American Indians lived in all kinds of houses. People who lived on the grassy plains lived in tepees. People were polite. They had good manners. They did not want to be rude.

How was one polite in a tepee? A guest would bring his own bowl. He would bring his own spoon. He would eat all that he was given. It was rude not to.



How could one politely move in a tepee? One never walked between the fire and another person. That was rude. One walked behind the person. That was polite.

**Find the Answers**

1. The American Indians who lived in tepees lived
  - a. by the ocean.
  - b. in the woods.
  - c. on mountains.
  - d. on the plains.
  
2. If you were given food,
  - a. it was rude to eat all of it.
  - b. it was polite to eat all of it.
  - c. it was polite to eat just some of it.
  - d. it was rude to eat it from your own bowl.
  
3. *Rude* is to *polite* as
  - a. *good* is to *bad*.
  - b. *good* is to *eat*.
  - c. *good* is to *nice*.
  - d. *good* is to *walk*.

Warm-Up

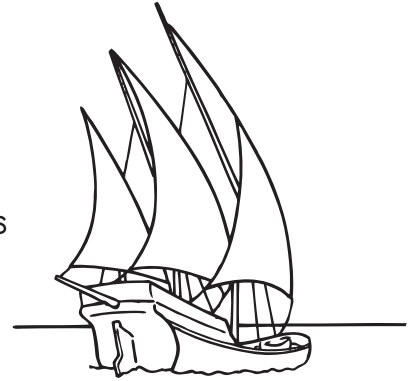
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Name \_\_\_\_\_

## From Ship to Building

What is a skyscraper? A skyscraper is a tall building. Where did the word come from? How did the name come about?

Ships have **masts**. The masts are large poles. Masts hold up sails. In the 18th century, a small flag was flown from the top of the ship's main mast. The flag was called a skyscraper.



People began to use the word more. They used it to describe a tall horse. They used it to describe a tall man. When the first tall buildings were built, people called them skyscrapers.

## Find the Answers

1. A **mast** is a
  - a. large pole.
  - b. tall horse.
  - c. skyscraper.
  - d. small flag.
  
2. Another name for this story might be
  - a. "Sailing Ships."
  - b. "All About Buildings."
  - c. "How a Name Came About."
  - d. "The First Skyscraper."
  
3. What happened *first*?
  - a. Men were called skyscrapers.
  - b. Flags were called skyscrapers.
  - c. Horses were called skyscrapers.
  - d. Buildings were called skyscrapers.



Warm-Up

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Name \_\_\_\_\_

## The Mad Cook

In 1835, a cook got mad. The cook's name was George Crum. Why was the cook mad? George had sliced some potatoes. He had made French fries. A man sent the French fries back. He said they were too **thick**.

George sliced some more potatoes. He made thinner French fries. The man sent them back again! He said they were still too thick. This made George mad.

What did George do? He made French fries so thin they would break when the man tried to pick them up with a fork. Did the man send the thin French fries back? No, the man did not. He liked the new way of cooking potatoes. George had invented potato chips!

### Find the Answers

1. The opposite of **thick** is
 

a. new.	c. thin.
b. mad.	d. break.
  
2. What happened *first*?
 

a. George got mad.	c. Potato chips were invented.
b. French fries were invented.	d. The man liked the French fries.
  
3. How do you think George and the man felt at the end of the story?
 

a. happy	c. sleepy
b. afraid	d. hungry



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